

Uruguay:

Opportunities in the Renewable Energy Sector







Uruguay #1 in LAC



Democracy Index (Economist Intelligence Unit, 2019)





Rule of Law Index (World Justice Project, 2020)





Low corruption perception (Transparency International, 2019)





Social Mobility
(World Economic Forum, 2020)





Civil Liberties Index (Freedom House, 2020)





E-Government Development Index (United Nations, 2020)

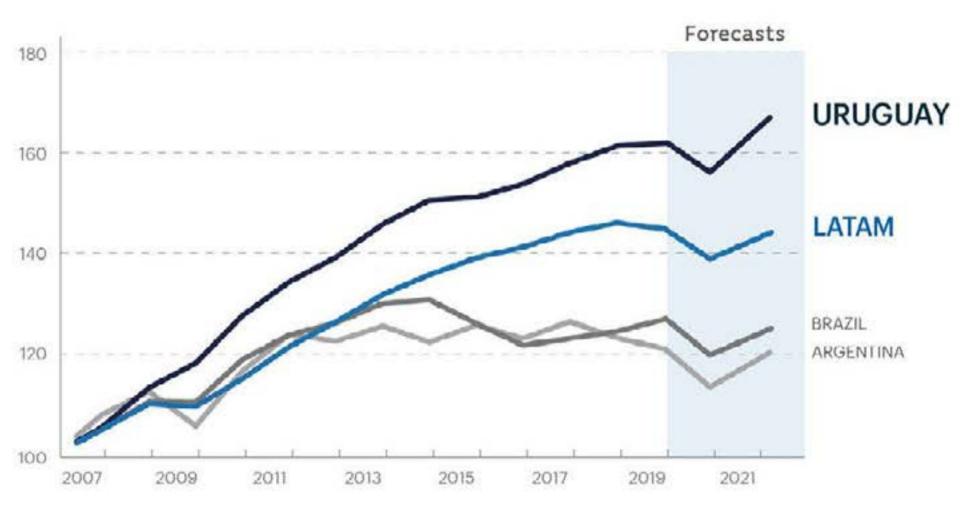


Global Freedom: 6th in the world

(Freedom House, 2020)

Steady & Stable growth

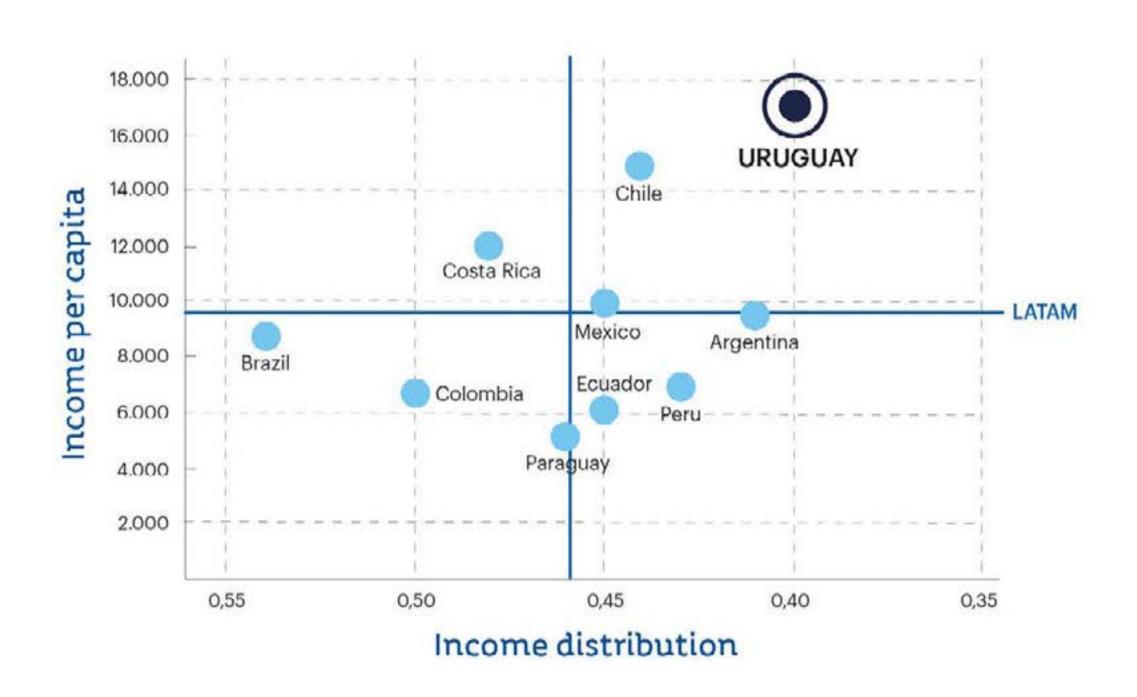
Accumulated real GDP growth (Base index 100=2006)



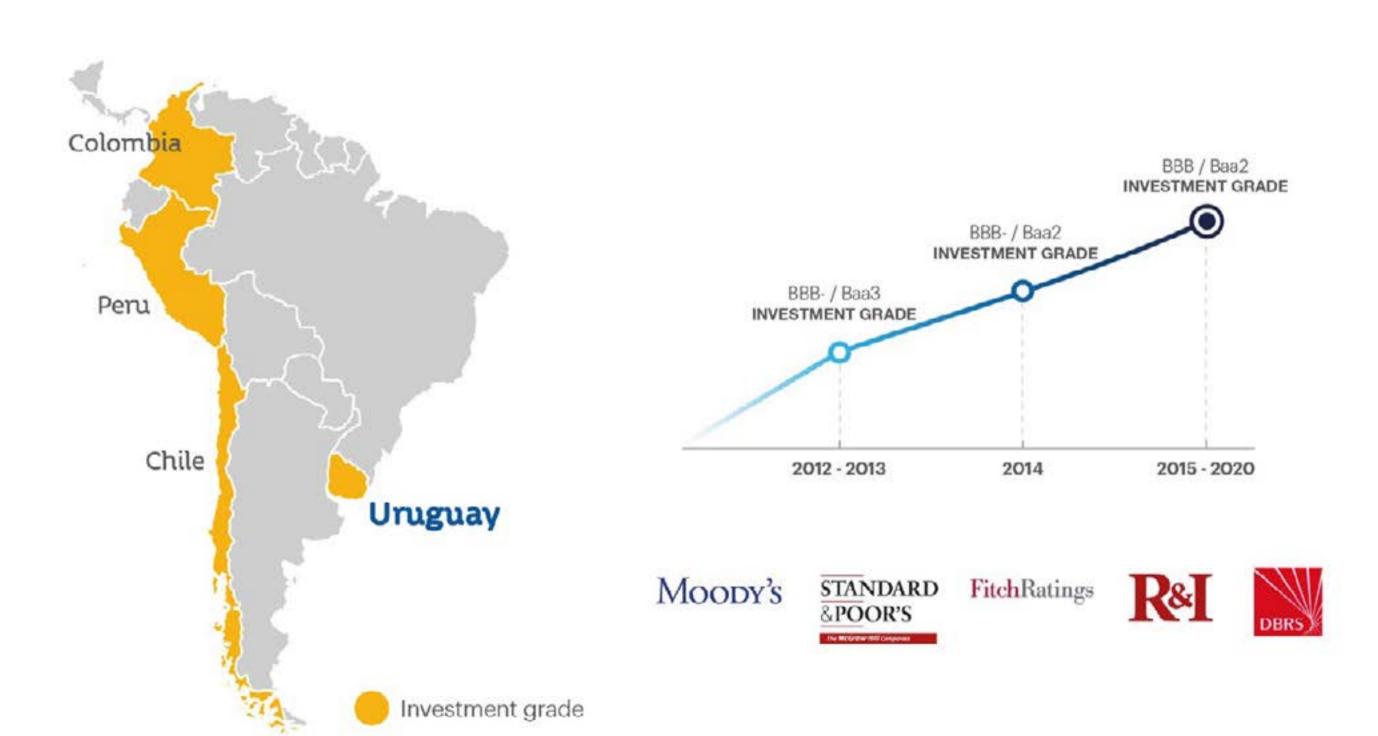


Source: Uruguay XXI based on WEO, April 2020, IMF

Equitable growth

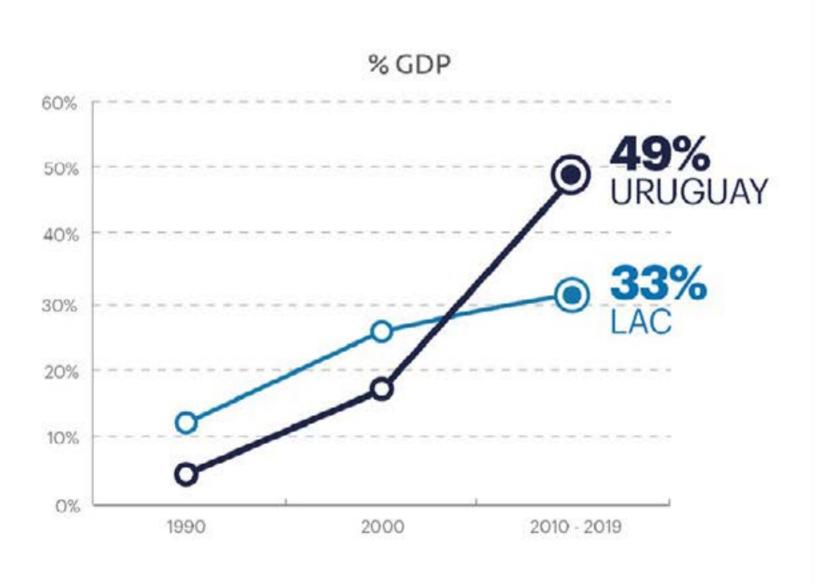


Investment grade



Reliability

FDI Stock



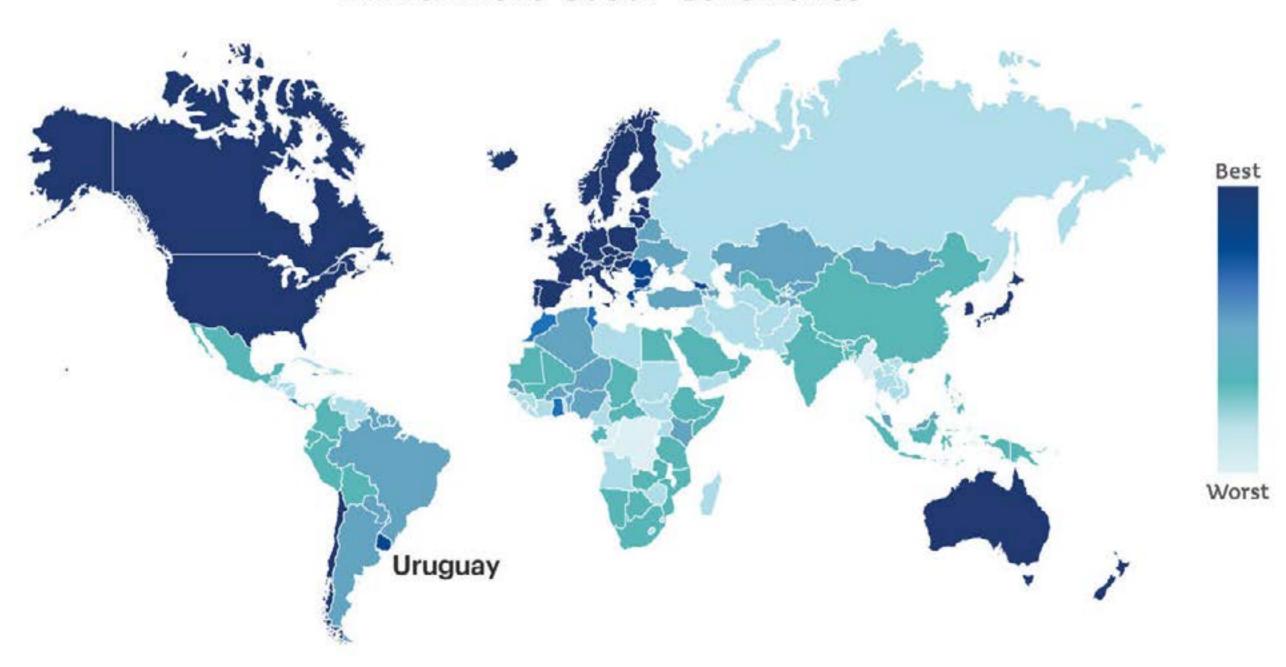
MAIN ORIGINS Argentina Spain Finland USA Chile Switzerland

Source: Uruguay XXI based on UNCTAD and BCU (2019)

Reliability

Highest performance in ESG factors





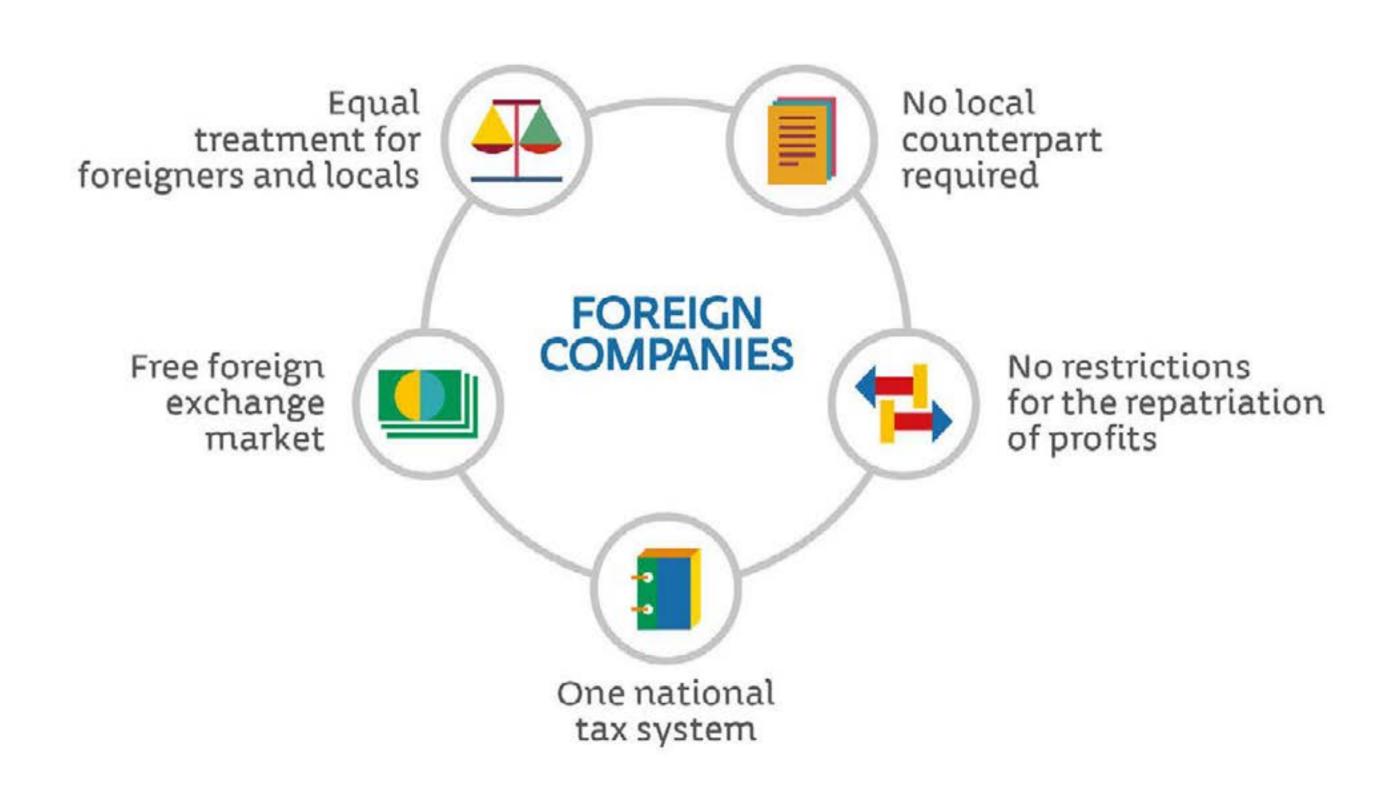
Source: JP Morgan, Bluebay Asset Management - Verisk Maplecroft.

Exports at a glance

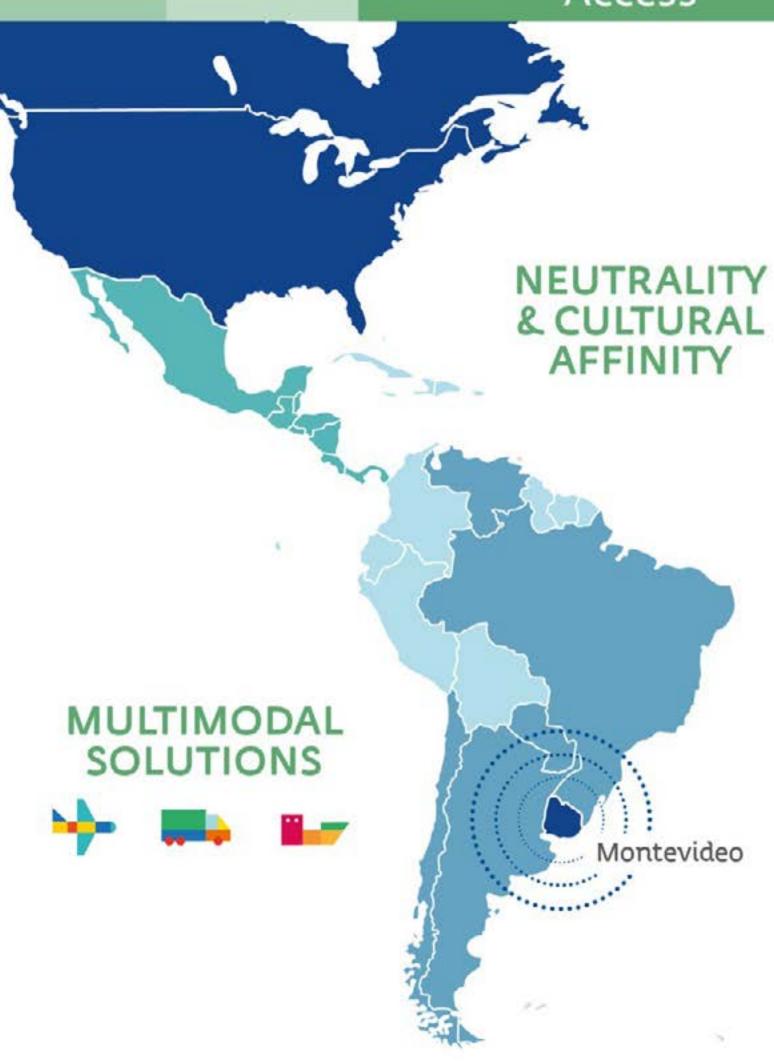




Easy for business

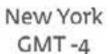


Access



INTERMEDIATE TIME ZONE







Uruguay GMT -3



London GMT+1

TRADE AGREEMENTS

MERCOSUR MEXICO EUROPEAN UNION

DOUBLE TAXATION

& SERVICES AGREEMENTS NETWORK

Access

Leader in communications #1 in Latin America



Internet penetration
- fixed broadband
(International Telecommunication Union)





% of homes connected by optical fiber





Adoption of IT (World Economic Forum)





% of companies connected by optical fiber





Digital Nations member (World's leading digital governments)

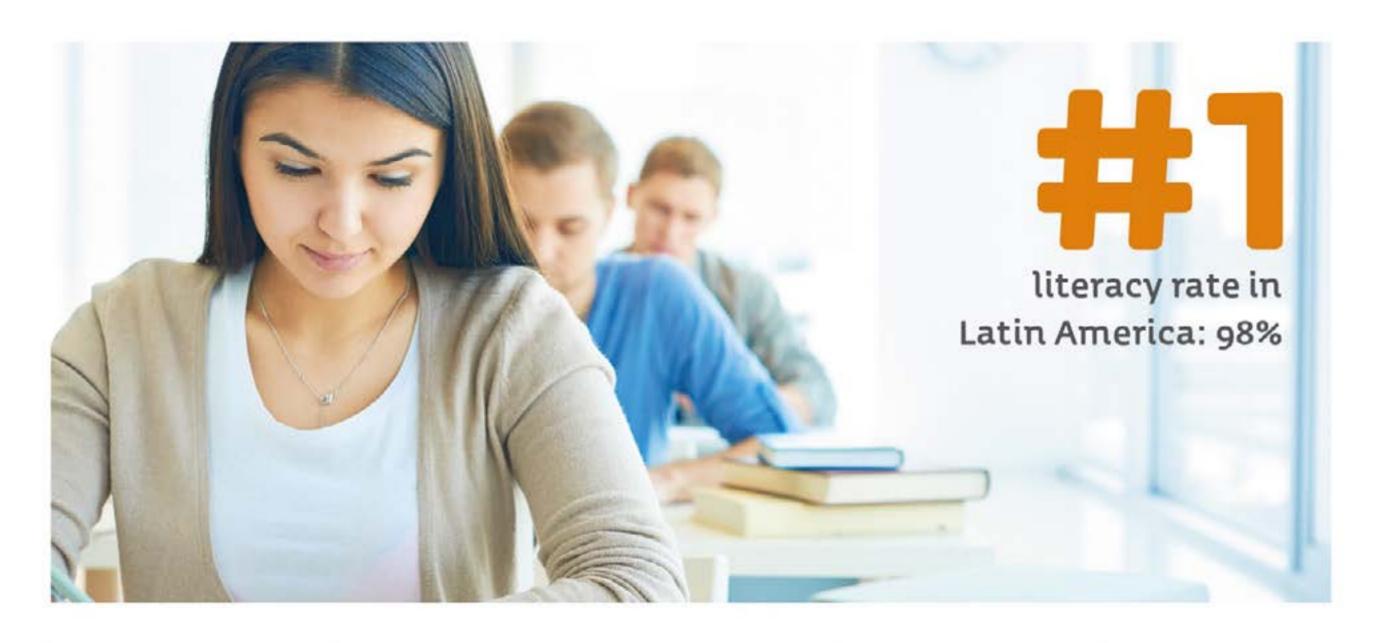




E-Government Development Index (United Nations, 2020)



Talent



Free access to education at all levels

225.000 technical and university students 17% STEM talent 60% work and study

educational institutions (technical and university)

Lifestyle







Education





Recreation

Investment Promotion Incentives



Cross-docking Postponement



COMMERCE & SERVICES

Sales - Trading - Procurement Shared Serv. Cent. - Holding



INNOVATION

IT solutions / R&D



FREE PORT & AIRPORT LAW

Goods exempt from domestic taxes and Customs duties TRADING

CIT 0,75%

SSC / CCR CIT 2-8%

SOFTWARE CIT 0%

INNOVATION

Tax credit up to 45% of the eligible R&D project costs

EXPORT TAX REFUND

3-6% of FOB value

TEMPORARY ADMISSION

VAT & Customs duties exempt

INVESTMENT PROMOTION LAW SCIENTIFIC & INDUSTRIAL PARKS LAW

CIT exemption up to 100% of investment





FREE TRADE ZONE LAW

0% CIT and Customs duties · Special tax and pension regime for expats

Unuguay is largely compliant with OECD standards



Energy framework and historical background



Energy Framework and Historical Background



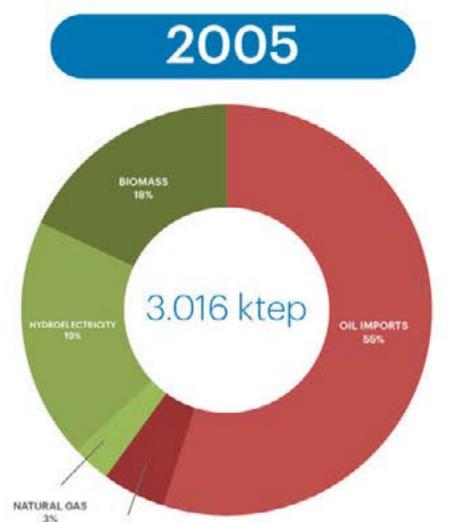
GENERAL INFORMATION:

MEAN ANNUAL POWER DEMAND: 1.100 MW

ELECTRIFICATION RATE: 99,8"%

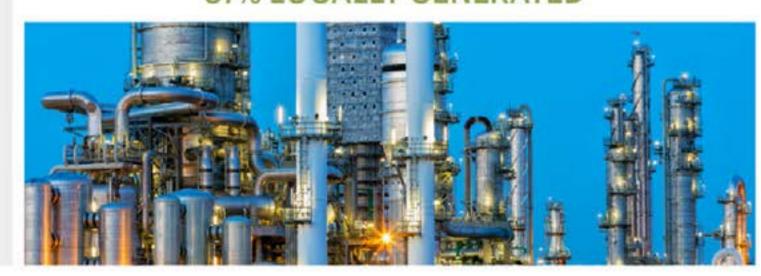
PEAK POWER DEMAND: 2.088 MW (SUMMER 2020)

STRONGLY INTERCONNECTED: ARGENTINA & BRASIL



63% IMPORTED
37% LOCALLY GENERATED

ELECTRIC IMPORTS



Energy Policy "Uruguay 2030"

2008: New Energy Policy approved by the Government

2010: State Policy

Ratified by special committee including all political parties in the Congress

2020: State Policy adaptation & ratification

Multidimensional and integrated vision, including technological, economic, environmental, ethical and social issues.





Strategic Guidelines



INSTITUTIONAL:

Leading role of the state including regulated participation of private actors.



ENERGY SUPPLY:

Diversification of the energy mix in order to reduce the proportion of oil imports Increasing domestic resources, promoting non-traditional renewable energy, building local capacity and maintaining a low carbon footprint.



ENERGY DEMAND:

Promotion of energy efficiency in all activities sectors.



SOCIAL:

Adequate energy access

to all citizens as a human right.

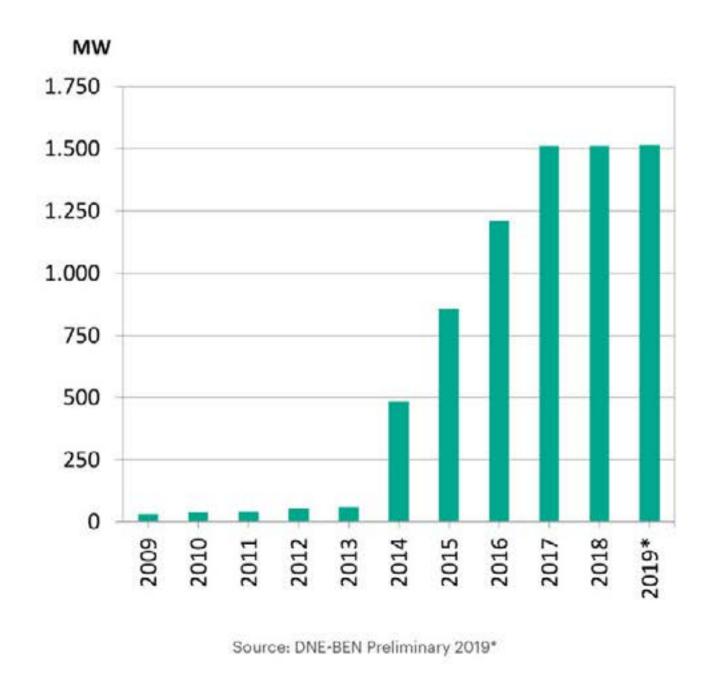






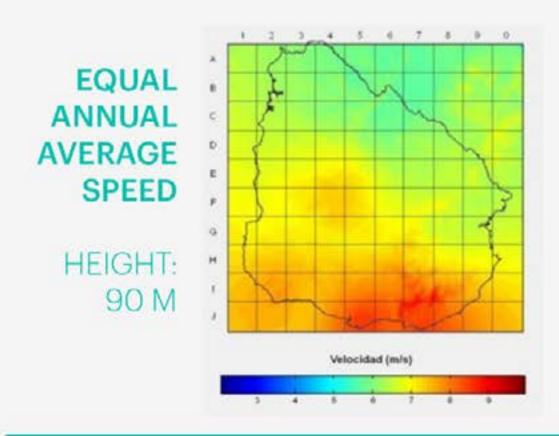
Wind Energy

Installed Wind Energy Power (MW)



0 MW IN 2007 TO 1.514 MW IN 2019

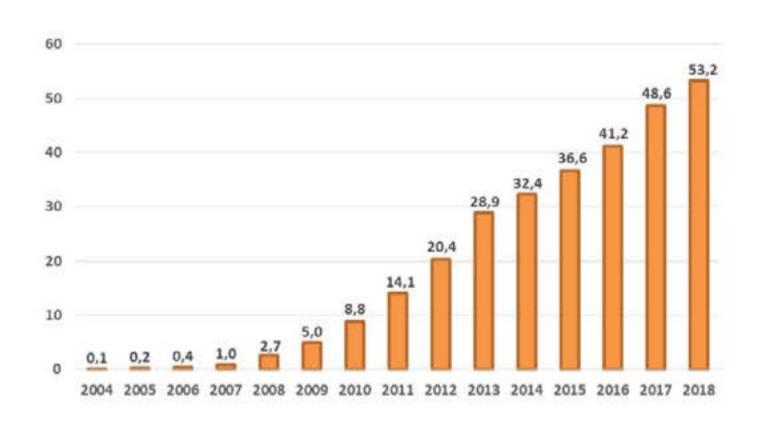
- WIND POWER MAP, 2009
- COMPLEMENTARY WITH HYDRO
- TENDER PROCESS / PPA, 20 YEARS
- YEAR 2019: 1.514 MW (33,6% ELECTRICITY FROM WIND POWER)
- 20% 44% LOCAL PARTICIPATION



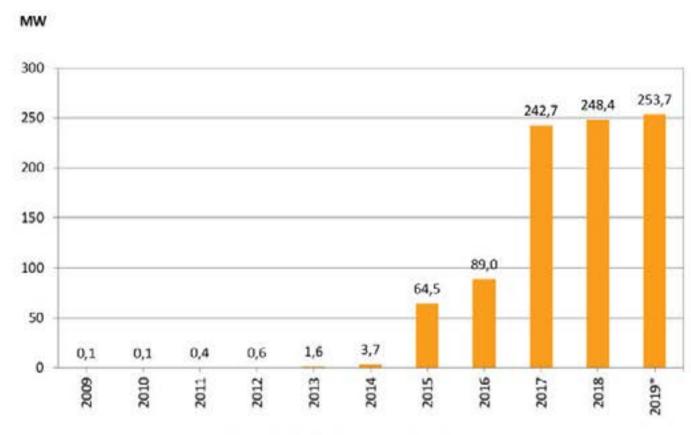
Solar Energy

Solar Thermal

Installed capacity of Solar Thermal Energy (MWth)



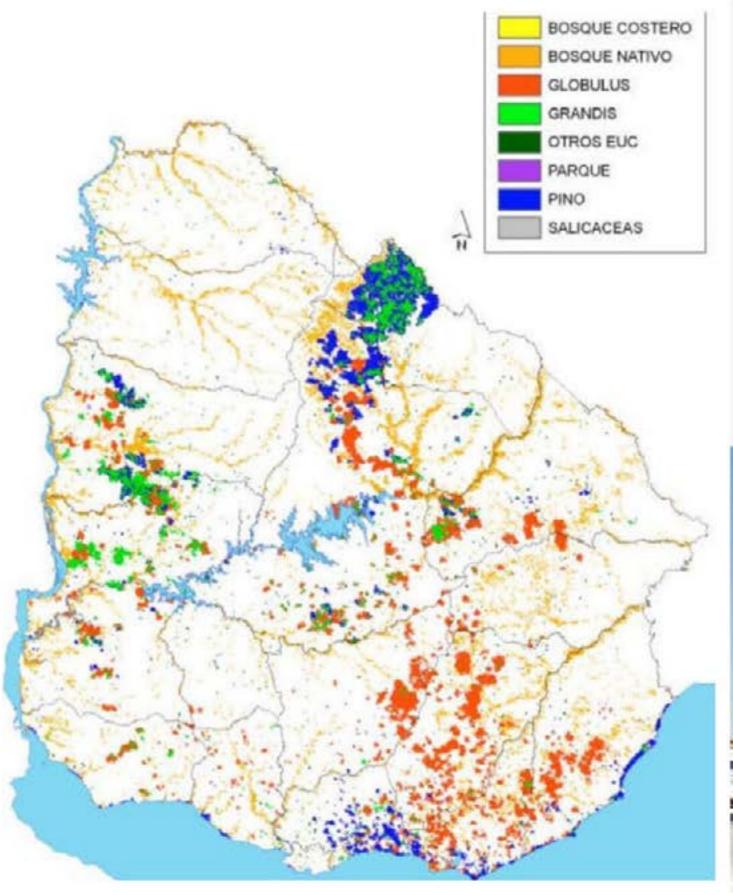
Installed Solar Power (MW)



Source: DNE-BEN Preliminary 2019*



Biomass

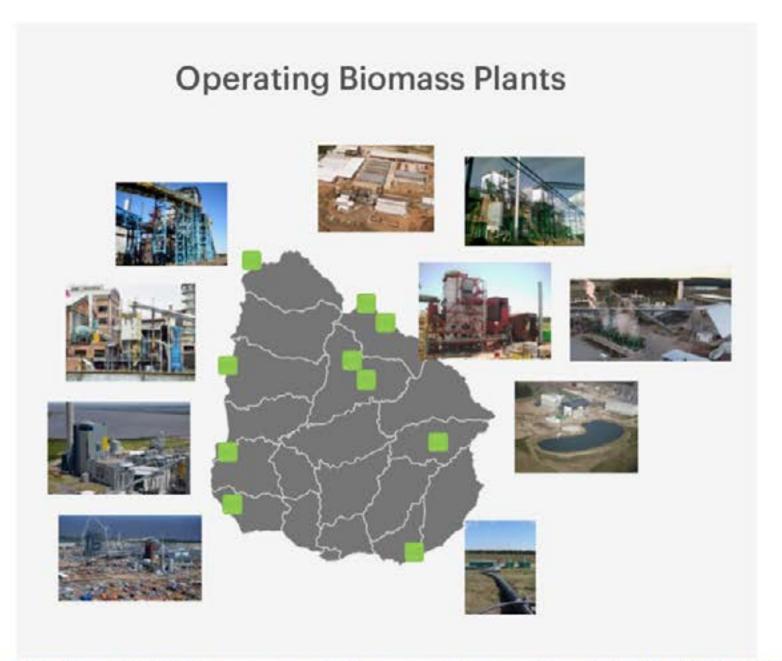


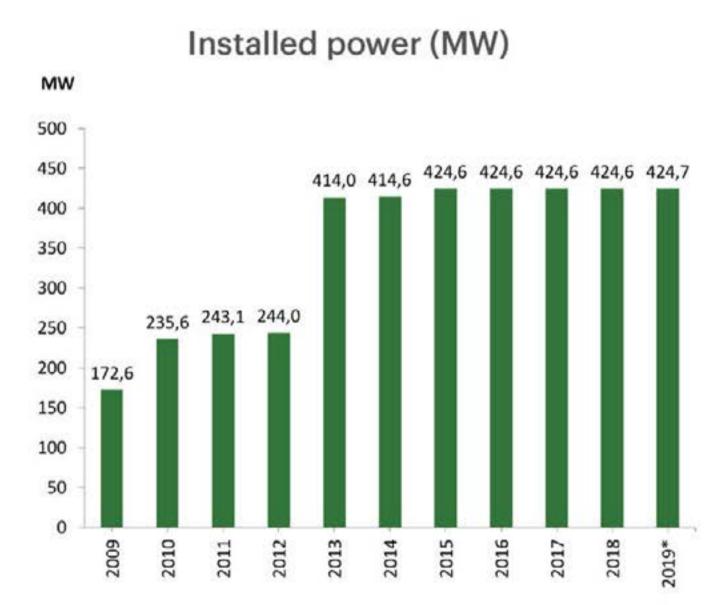
425 MW INSTALLED

- RAW MATERIALS: FORESTRY RESIDUES, RICE HUSKS, BAGASSE, BLACK LIQUOR
- 50% 60% NATIONAL COMPONENT



Biomass







Bioenergy: waste valorization



- COMPOSTING
- USE OF REFRIGERATOR WASTE
- ALTERNATIVE FUELS
- OTHER CIRCULAR ECONOMY INITIATIVES





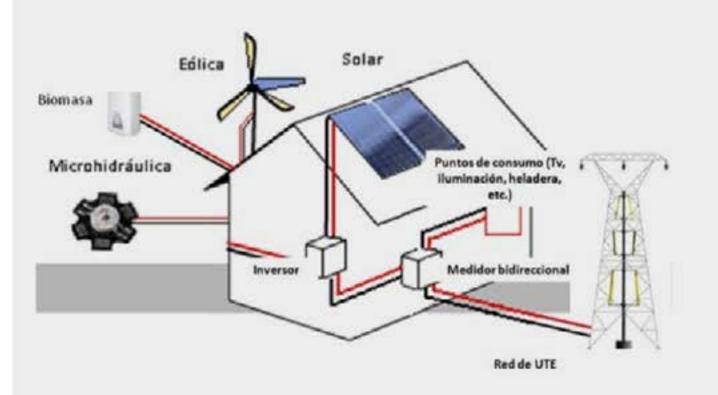




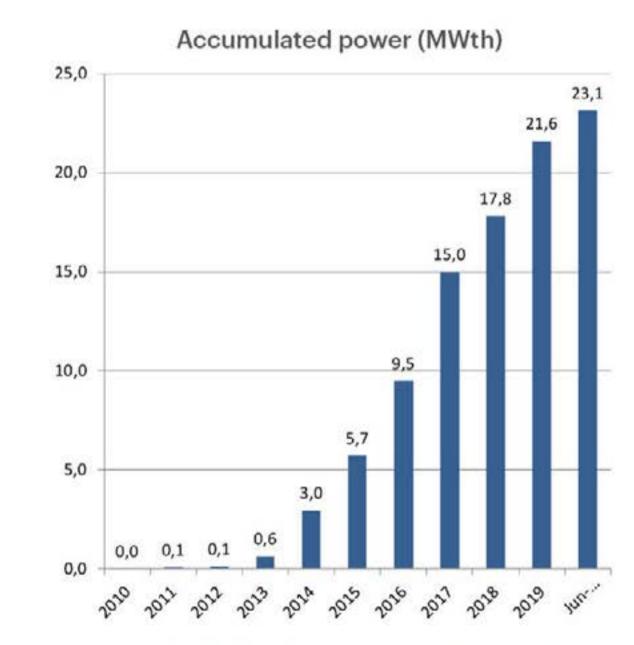
Microgeneration

2010:

Uruguay enabled grid-connected renewable microgeneration. (Net metering contract)



- MAXIMUM POWER 150 KW
- LOW TENSION CONECTION





Self-consumption

NEW REGULATORY FRAMEWORK OF THE NATIONAL ELECTRICITY SYSTEM

- PROSUMERS (GENERATES AND CONSUMES ELECTRICITY)
- NOT ALLOWED TO INJECT ELECTRICITY TO THE GRID (ONLY SELF CONSUMPTION)
- CUSTOMER REMAINS REGULATED
 Decree 114/2014 and 27/2020









Impacts of Energy Policy



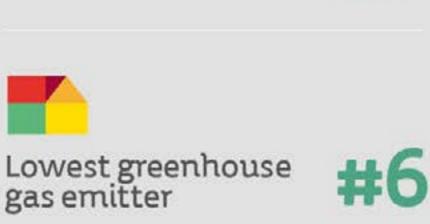
Impact

Energy sources: Uruguay: #2 in the world

in renewable energies







#3

HYDRAULIC 50%
WIND 30%
BIOMASS 15%
PHOTOVOLTAIC 3%

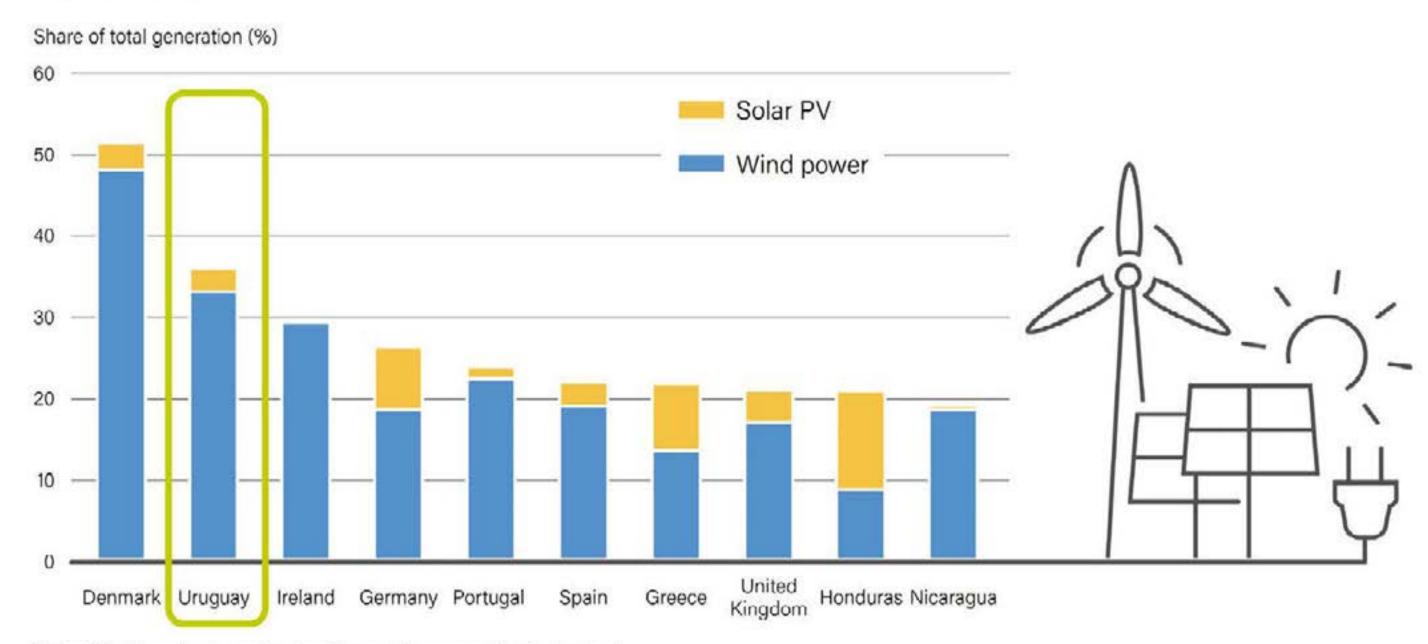
98% renewable

16.088 GWh

TOTAL ENERGY PRODUCED IN 2019:

Uruguay in the international context

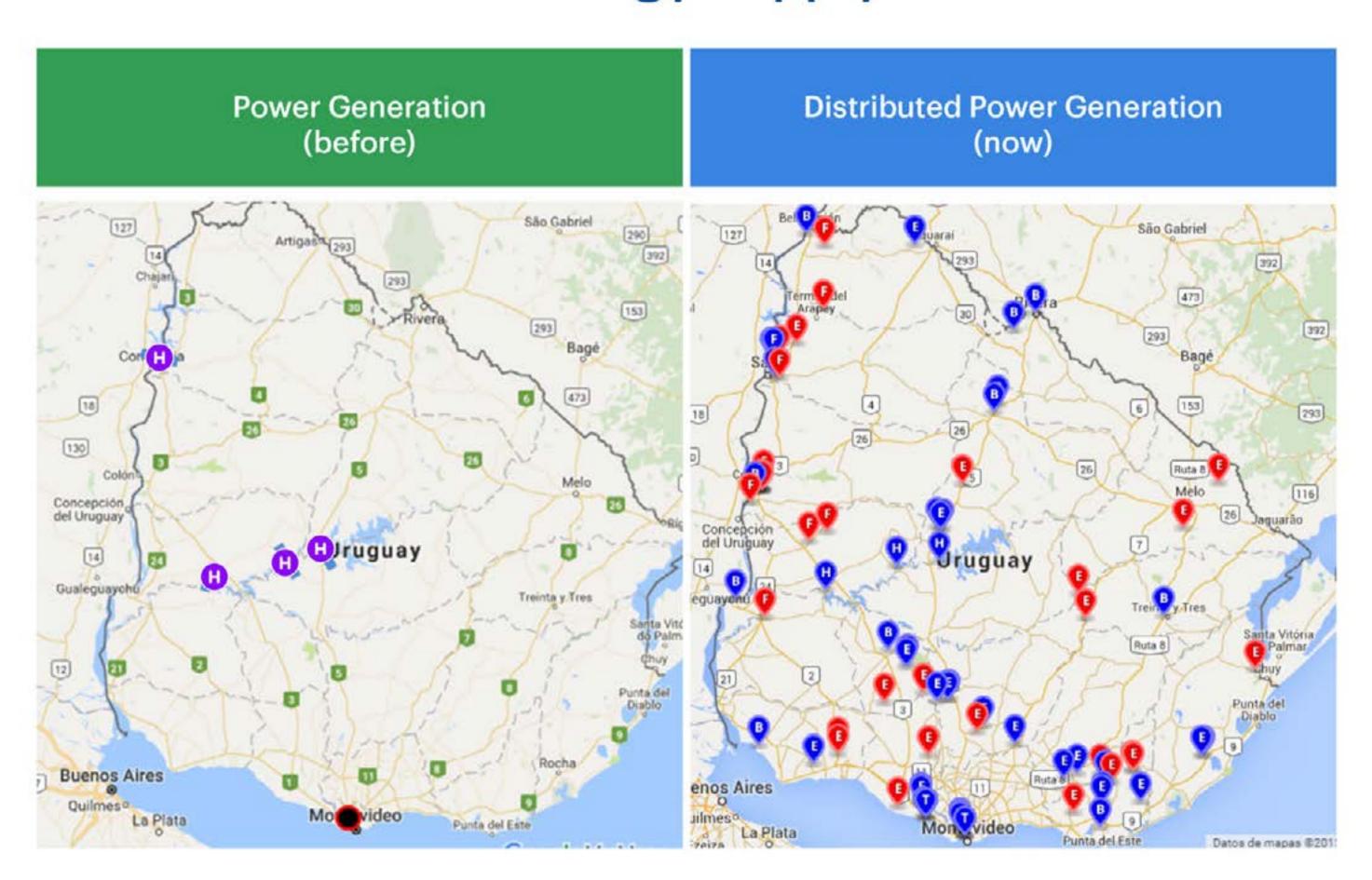
Share of Electricity Generation from Variable Renewable Energy Top 10 Countries



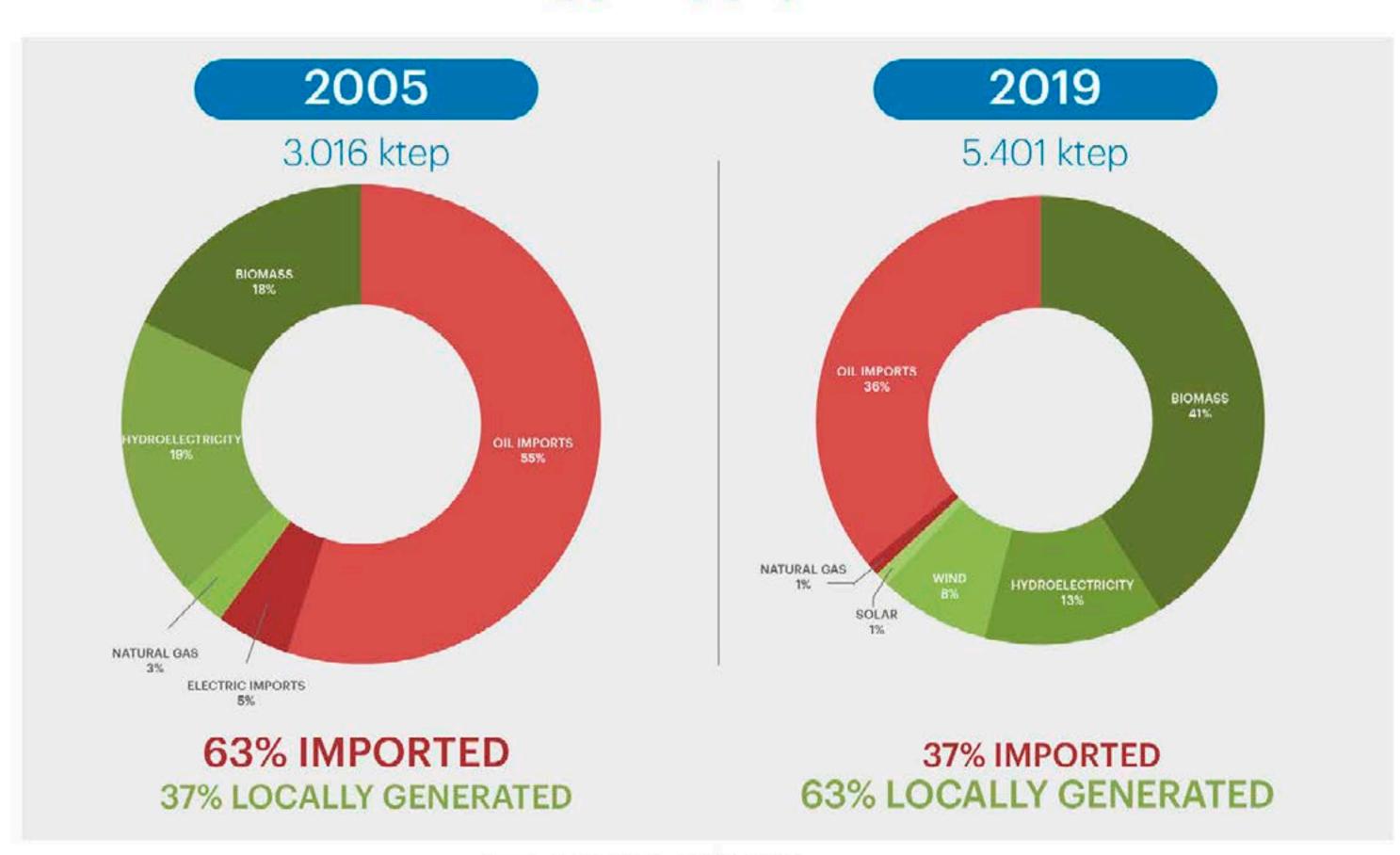
Note: This figure includes the top 10 countries according to the best available data known to REN21 at the time of publication.



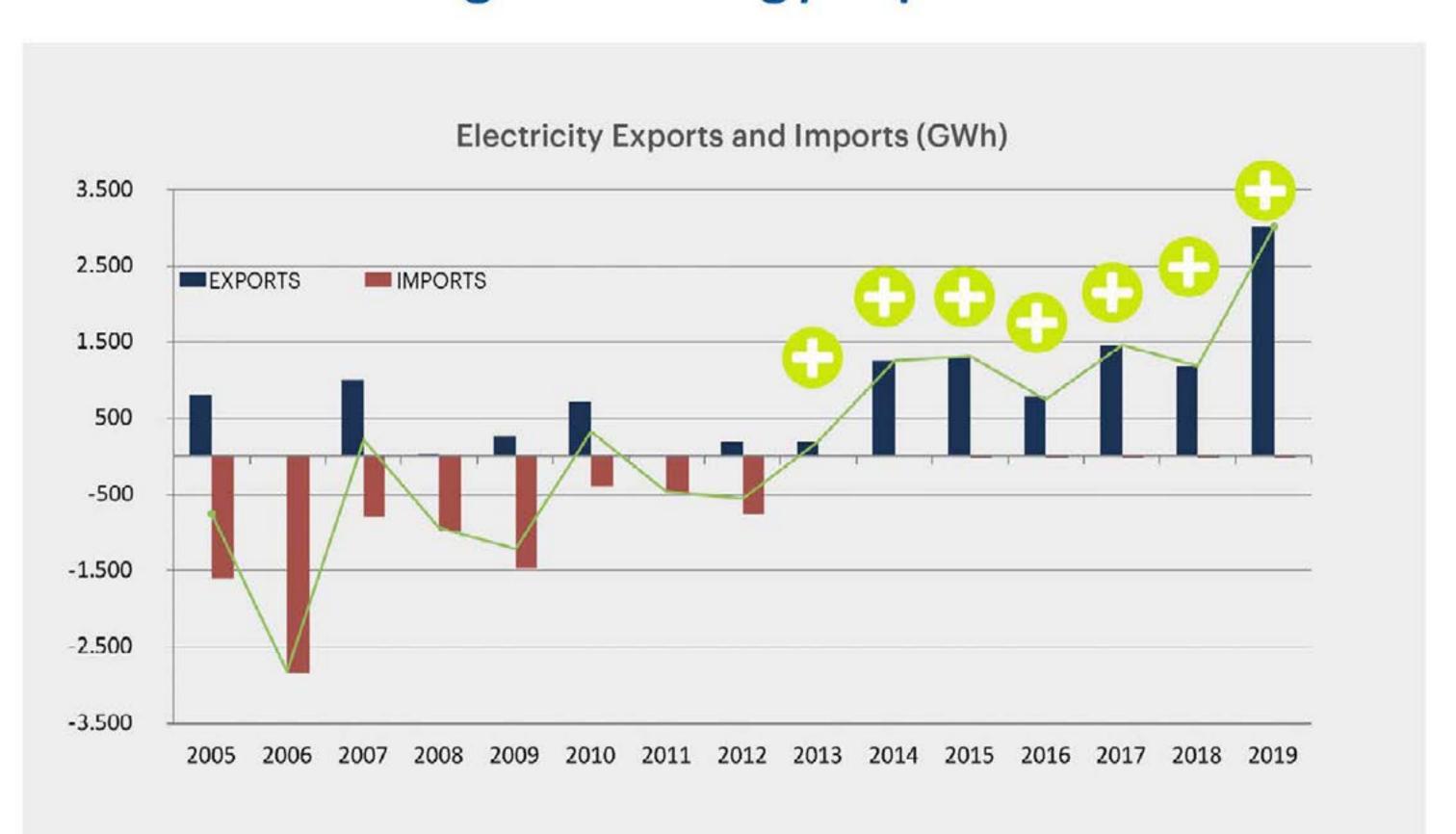
Energy Supply



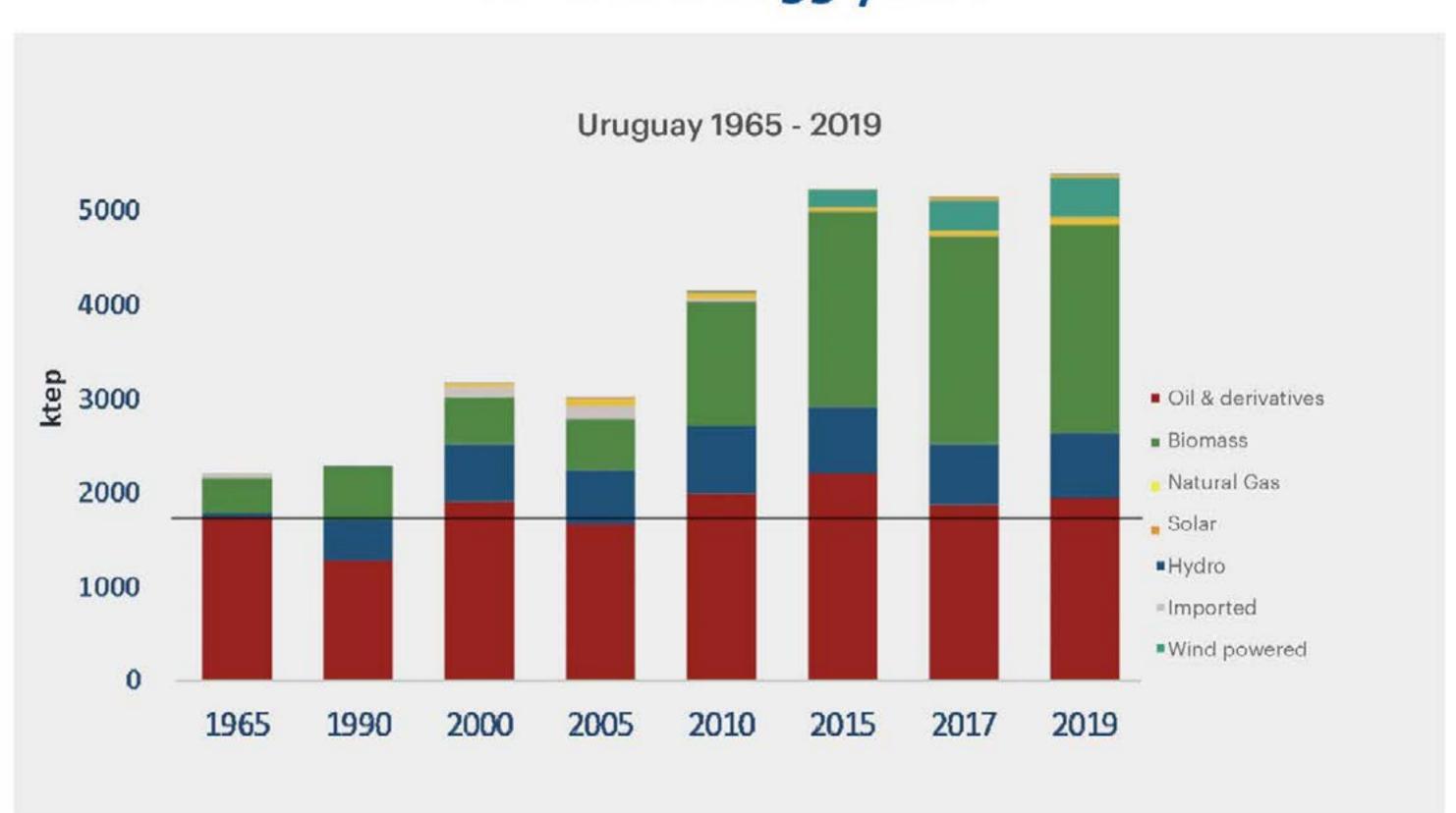
Energy Supply Matrix



Regional Energy Exporter



The same oil consumption for the last 55 years





Commitment to energy efficiency



Government commitment





- Progressive electrification
- Energy efficiency law
- First national electric route





URUGUAY'S OPPORTUNITIES IN GREEN ENERGY

SUBSTANTIAL GROWTH IN THE RENEWABLE ELECTRIC MATRIX:

- Optimizing complementarity in renewable energies
- 2. Better management of energy demand and storage
- 3. Use of renewable energy surplus in industry
- 4. Jump to the next level in the export of green hydrogen







Opportunity:

Uruguay as a Green H2 exporter



Solar and Wind Resource

In Uruguay we have very good wind and solar combined resource.

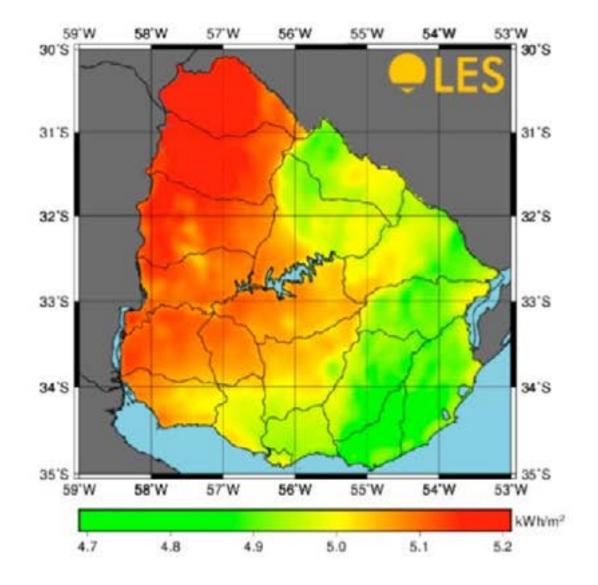
According to research carried out by the School of Engineering of the University of the Republic (Universidad de la República - UdelaR), there is a very good daily complementarity between wind and solar energy in Uruguay, achieving capacity factors close to 60% for combined wind/solar onshore plants.



SOLAR POTENTIAL IN 5% OF URUGUAY'S LAND AREA: 450 GW



WIND POTENTIAL IN 5% OF URUGUAY'S LAND AREA: 30 GW



Off Shore Wind

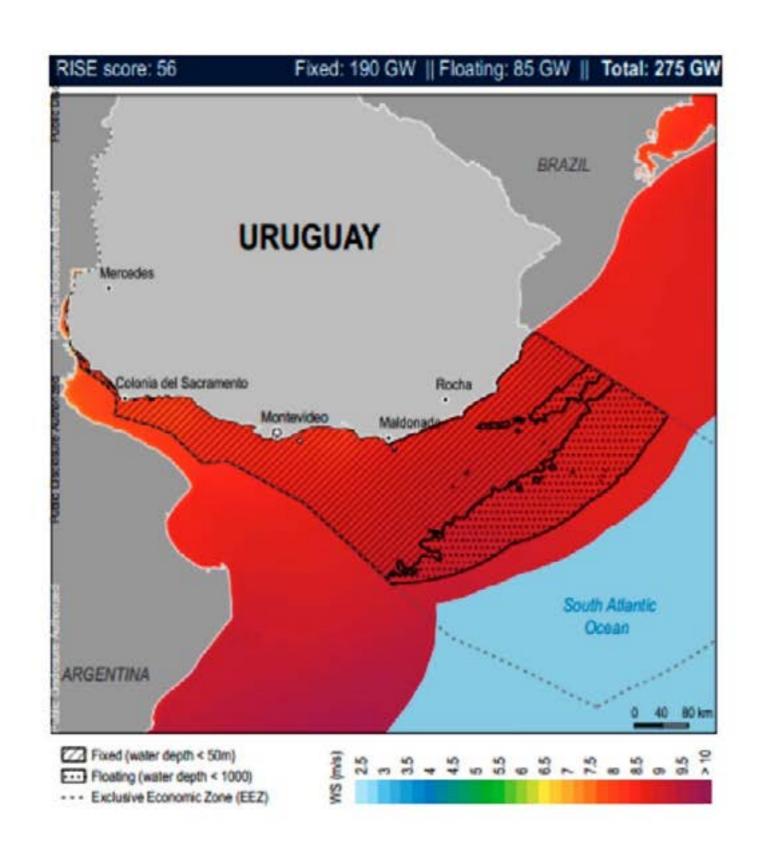
Uruguay has a Maritime area of 208.057 km2



POTENTIAL (ESMAP & WORLD BANK): 275 GW

FACTOR CAPACITY APPROX.: 55%

WITH ONE QUARTER OF THE POTENTIAL: 69 GW WE CAN PRODUCE 5 MTPA OF HYDROGEN

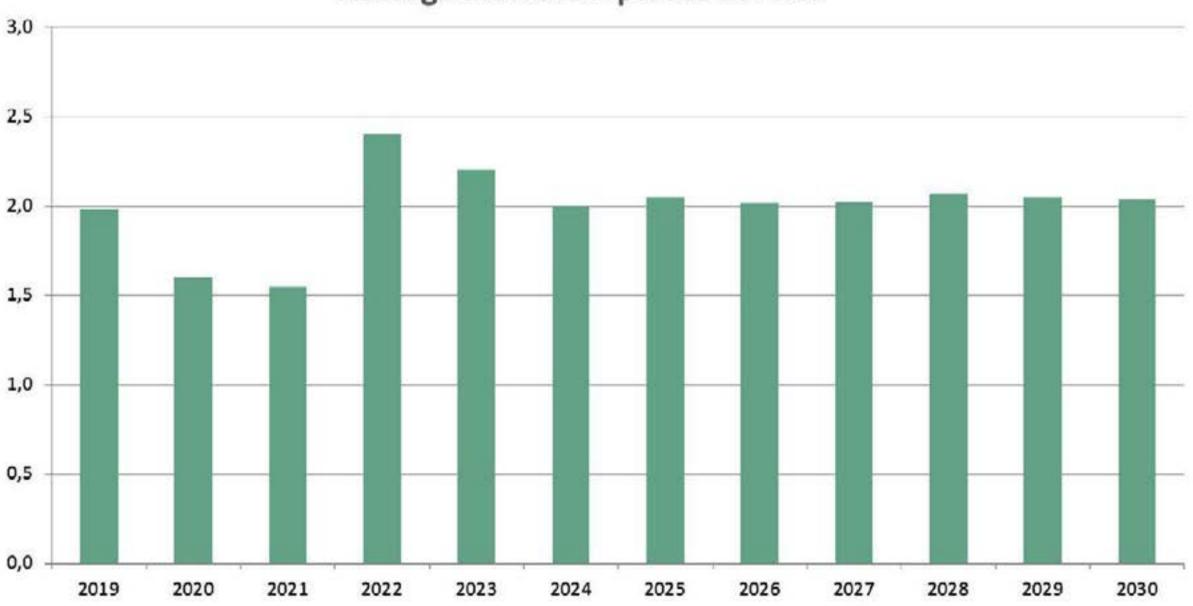


Source: ESMAP & World Bank (May 2020)

Electricity surplus

Characterization of surpluses

Average annual surpluses in TWh

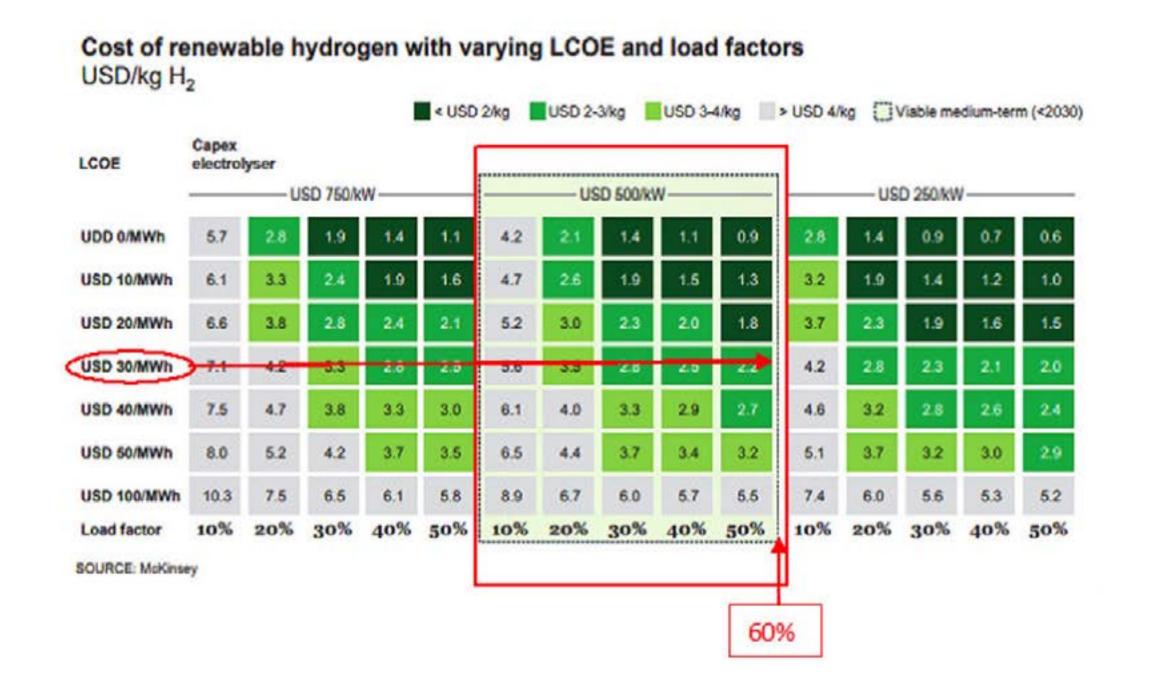


The Uruguayan electricity system will structurally generate 20% surplus energy (not taken by demand) by 2034.

Green hydrogen production for less than USD 2 per kilo

Green hydrogen can be produced from:

- I. The grid, because 98% of our electricity comes from renewables.
- II. The combination of wind and solar photovoltaic farms.



Excellent conditions to export hydrogen

- Port on the Atlantic Ocean
- Absence of major climate events or social conflicts
- Slightly undulating plain land with access routes to the entire territory and Infrastructure for domestic transport
- Excellent wind and solar combined resources On Shore
- Expansion potential for Wind Energy on the Offshore Platform

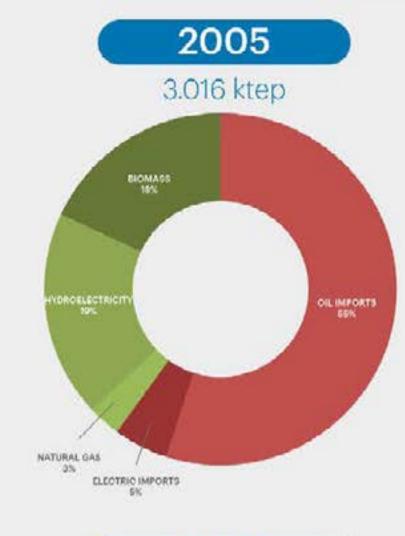


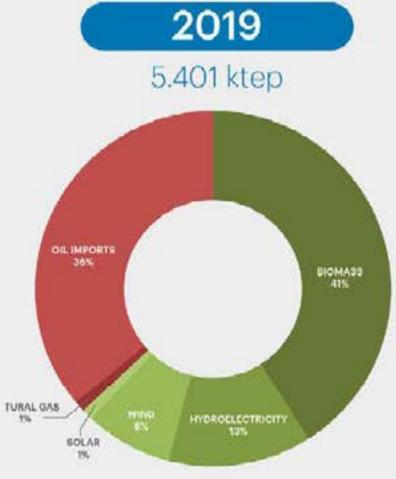
Test bed country

Uruguay as a pilot country

As the first energy transition has been completed by having decarbonized the electricity matrix; we are currently working on the second energy transition in Uruguay.

- Decarbonize the rest of the sectors (transport, industry)
- Develop green chemical industry
- Make the energy system in general more efficient
- International agreements:
 - Rotterdam Port agreement
 - Agreements for technical training in hydrogen production





GREEN HYDROGEN



Why Uruguay?

- Reliability
- Location
- Incentives
- Talent
- Lifestyle

Reasons to produce H2 in Uruguay

- · Renewable source
 - Offshore wind power
 - Complementarity of wind and solar energy sources
- Low cost production
- Supply chain continuity
- Test bed country



